$\qquad$
(a) the $x$-intercepts, $y$-intercepts
(b) the vertical asymptote(s)
(c) the horizontal asymptote
(d) the holes
(e) any additional points needed
(f) then, graph the function.

1. $f(x)=\frac{2 x}{x^{2}-1}$
2. $y=\frac{8}{x^{2}-x-6}$
3. $y=\frac{x^{2}-5 x+6}{x^{2}-4 x+3}$
4. $y=\frac{x^{2}+11 x+18}{2 x+1}$
5. $g(x)=\frac{x-4}{x^{2}-3 x}$
6. 



4.

5.

6.

7. Write a rational function that has a vertical asymptote at $x=1$, a point discontinuity at $x=-1$ and a horizontal asymptote at $\mathrm{y}=0$.
8. Write a rational function that has a horizontal asymptote at $y=3$, no vertical asymptotes and a point discontinuity at $x=4$.
9. Write a rational function that has no horizontal asymptote and a zero at $x=-2$.

